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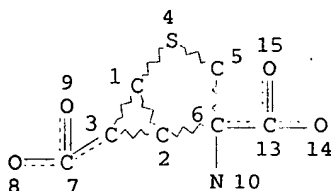
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 NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

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=> d bib abs fhitrn hitrn 119 tot

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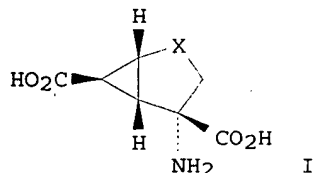
FILE COVERS 1907 - 22 Mar 2007 VOL 146 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 21 Mar 2007 (20070321/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

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=> d bib abs fhitrn hitrn 119 tot

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
AN 2006:1341533 HCAPLUS  
DN 146:251680  
TI Synthesis and Metabotropic Glutamate Receptor Activity of S-Oxidized Variants of (-)-4-Amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylate: Identification of Potent, Selective, and Orally Bioavailable Agonists for mGlu2/3 Receptors  
AU Monn, James A.; Massey, Steven M.; Valli, Matthew J.; Henry, Steven S.; Stephenson, Gregory A.; Bures, Mark; Herin, Marc; Catlow, John; Giera, Deborah; Wright, Rebecca A.; Johnson, Bryan G.; Andis, Sherri L.; Kingston, Ann; Schoepp, Darryle D.  
CS Discovery Chemistry and Neuroscience Research Divisions, Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA  
SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2007), 50(2), 233-240  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623  
PB American Chemical Society  
DT Journal  
LA English  
GI



AB (-)-4-Amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylate (-)-I (X = S) (LY389795) is a highly potent and selective agonist of metabotropic glutamate receptors 2 (mGlu2) and 3 (mGlu3). As part of the ongoing research program, S-oxidized variants of this compound, namely both S-stereoisomers of I (X = SO) and I (X = SO2), were synthesized. Each of these chiral heterobicyclic amino acids displaced specific binding of the mGlu2/3 receptor antagonist 3H-2S-2-amino-2-(1S,2S-2-carboxycycloprop-1-yl)-3-(xanth-9-yl)propanoic acid (3H-LY341495) from membranes expressing recombinant human mGlu2 or mGlu3 and acted as potent agonists in cells expressing these receptor subtypes. Docking of the most potent of these derivs., (SR)-(+)-I [X = SO, (II)] to mGlu2 revealed the possibility of an addnl. H-bond interaction between the sulfoxide oxygen of II with tyrosine residue Y236. Pharmacokinetic anal. of mGlu active enantiomers II and (-)-I (X = SO2) in rats showed each to be well absorbed following oral administration. Consistent with their mGlu2/3 agonist potency and pharmacokinetic properties, both II and (-)-I (X = SO2) blocked

phencyclidine-evoked ambulations in a dose-dependent manner, indicating their potential as nonclassical antipsychotic agents.

IT 926291-20-5P

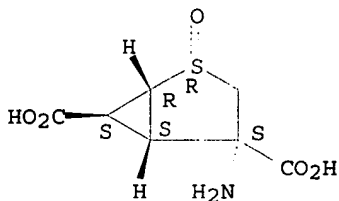
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(crystal structure and mol. modeling; synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

RN 926291-20-5 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, 2-oxide, (1R,2R,4S,5S,6S)- (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



IT 926291-20-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(crystal structure and mol. modeling; synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

IT 926291-16-9P

RL: PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(crystal structure; synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as selective and orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

IT 926291-14-7

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)

(synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as selective and orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

IT 635318-11-5P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as selective and orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

IT 222529-89-7

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); BIOL (Biological study); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as selective and orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

IT 926291-19-2P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized

derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as selective and orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

IT 635317-62-3P 926291-15-8P 926291-17-0P  
926291-18-1P 926291-21-6P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(synthesis and metabotropic glutamate receptor activity of S-oxidized derivs. of (-)-4-amino-2-thiabicyclo-[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid as selective and orally bioavailable agonists for mGlu2/3 receptors)

RE.CNT 49 THERE ARE 49 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:761719 HCAPLUS

DN 143:279124

TI Analgesic effects of the selective group II (mGlu2/3) metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists LY379268 and LY389795 in persistent and inflammatory pain models after acute and repeated dosing

AU Jones, Carrie K.; Eberle, Elizabeth Lutz; Peters, Stephen C.; Monn, James A.; Shannon, Harlan E.

CS Lilly Research Laboratories, Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA

SO Neuropharmacology (2005), 49(Suppl. 1), 206-218  
CODEN: NEPHBW; ISSN: 0028-3908

PB Elsevier B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Group II (mGluR2/3) metabotropic glutamate receptors have been implicated in the mechanisms of persistent pain states. In the present study, the effects of the selective group II metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists LY379268 and LY389795 were evaluated in the formalin test, carrageenan-induced thermal hyperalgesia and mech. allodynia, and capsaicin-induced mech. allodynia in rats. The agonists LY379268 and LY389795 produced dose-dependent decreases in formalin-induced behaviors that were antagonized by the mGlu2/3 receptor antagonist LY341495. The group II antagonist LY341495 produced parallel shifts in the LY379268 dose-response curve, consistent with a competitive antagonism. LY379268 decreased formalin-induced behaviors after intracisternal but not intrathecal administration, suggesting primarily a supraspinal site of action. Both LY379268 and LY389795 produced a dose-related reversal of carrageenan-induced thermal hyperalgesia and capsaicin-induced mech. allodynia, but had no effect on carrageenan-induced mech. allodynia. Both agonists also increased response latencies in the hot plate test, but were without effect in the tail-flick test. However, both agonists produced motor impairment on the inverted screen at doses that were analgesic. Moreover, tolerance to the analgesic effects of LY379268 developed after 4 days of once-daily repeated administration in the formalin, carrageenan, capsaicin and hot plate tests. The present findings indicate that group II (mGluR2/3) metabotropic glutamate receptors may be involved in the mechanisms of hyperalgesia and allodynia, however tolerance rapidly develops to these effects.

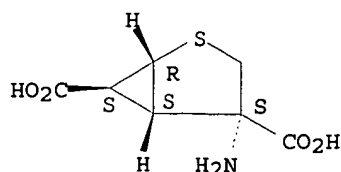
IT 222529-89-7, LY389795

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(analgesic effects of LY379268 and LY389795 in persistent and inflammatory pain models)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY389795

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses) (analgesic effects of LY379268 and LY389795 in persistent and inflammatory pain models)

RE.CNT 40 THERE ARE 40 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2005:714957 HCAPLUS

DN 144:274498

TI The synthesis of isotopically labeled (+)-2-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,6-carboxylic acid and its 2-oxa- and 2-thia-analogs

AU Wheeler, William J.; O'Bannon, Douglas D.; Kennedy, Joseph H.; Monn, James A.; Tharp-Taylor, Roger W.; Valli, Matthew J.; Kuo, Fengjiun

CS Lilly Research Laboratories, A Division of Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA

SO Journal of Labelled Compounds & Radiopharmaceuticals (2005), 48(8), 605-620

CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803

PB John Wiley & Sons Ltd.

DT Journal

LA English

AB As part of a program aimed at the design of conformationally constrained analogs of glutamic acid, (+)-2-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,6-carboxylic acid (I), identified as a highly potent, selective, group II metabotropic glutamate receptor agonist was synthesized and studied clin. Heterocyclic analogs of I were subsequently synthesized in which the C(2) methylene was replaced by an oxygen atom (II) or a sulfur atom (III). Carbon-14-labeled isotopomers of I-III were synthesized to facilitate pre-clin. ADME studies. A tritium-labeled isotopomer of I was also synthesized for use in in vitro expts. A stable labeled isotopomer of rac-I was prepared for use as an internal standard for bioanal. assays. The key step in each of these syntheses was the reaction of 2-oxobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-6-carboxylic acid (IV) or the appropriate aza or thia compound with K14CN/(NH4)2CO3 using the Bucherer-Berg protocol. In the preparation of the stable labeled isotopomer, rac-IV-[13C2] was prepared in two steps from Et bromoacetate-[UL-13C2]. Subsequent reaction of rac-IV-[13C2] with K13CN/15NH4Cl/Na2CO3, followed by hydrolysis of the hydantoin yielded rac-I-[13C3,15N].

IT 878283-10-4P

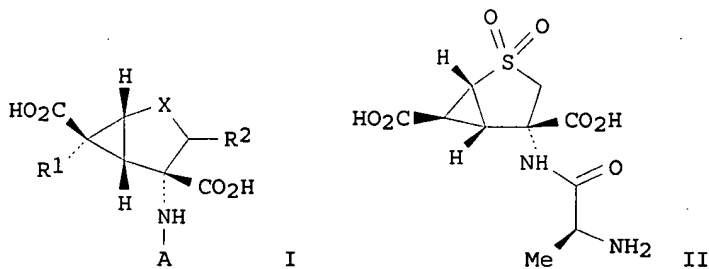
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(preparation of isotopically labeled aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexanecarboxylate and oxa and thia analogs)

RN 878283-10-4 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic-4-14C acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).





AB The invention relates to synthetic excitatory amino acid prodrugs for the treatment of neurol. disorders and psychiatric disorders. Bicyclic amino acids I [A is H-Q1-10, where Q is aminoacyl; X is O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, or substituted methylene; R<sub>1</sub> is H or F; R<sub>2</sub> is H, F, or OH] or their pharmaceutically-acceptable salts are claimed. Thus, prodrug II.HCl was prepared via peptide coupling reaction and shown to exhibit comparable concentration in rat plasma to that of the non-prodrug form.

IT 635318-22-8P

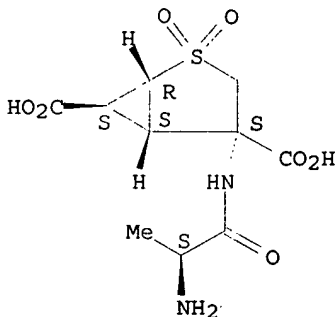
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of prodrugs of excitatory amino acids)

RN 635318-22-8 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-1-oxopropyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, monohydrochloride, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● HCl

IT 635318-22-8P 635318-23-9P 635318-24-0P  
635318-25-1P 635318-26-2P 635318-27-3P  
635318-28-4P 635318-29-5P 635318-30-8P  
635318-31-9P 635318-32-0P 635318-33-1P  
635318-34-2P 635318-55-7P 635318-56-8P  
635318-57-9P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of prodrugs of excitatory amino acids)

IT 635317-59-8P 635317-60-1P 635317-61-2P  
635317-62-3P 635317-63-4P 635317-64-5P  
635317-65-6P 635317-66-7P 635317-67-8P

635317-68-9P 635317-69-0P 635317-70-3P  
 635317-71-4P 635317-72-5P 635317-73-6P  
 635318-06-8P 635318-07-9P 635318-11-5P  
 635318-67-1P 635702-50-0P

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT  
 (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of prodrugs of excitatory amino acids)

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:818322 HCAPLUS

DN 139:302068

TI Therapy for psychoses combining an atypical antipsychotic and an mGlu2/3  
 receptor agonist

IN Johnson, Bryan Glenn; Schoepp, Darryle Darwin

PA Eli Lilly and Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PI	WO2003084610	A1	20031016	2003WO-US07283	20030321	
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	RW:			GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG		
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	AU2003218063	A1	20031020	2003AU-0218063	20030321	
	EP---	A1	20050105	2003EP-0714045	20030321	
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	US2005192273	A1	20050901	2004US-0509772	20040928	
PRAI	2002US-369771P	P	20020403			
	2002US-369797P	P	20020403			
	2003WO-US07283	W	20030321			

AB The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition and methods for treating psychosis comprising the combination or a first component which is an atypical antipsychotic with a second component which is a mGlu2/3 receptor agonist. The invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition and method of treating a psychiatric disorder comprising the combination of a first component which is an atypical antipsychotic with a second component which is a compound which allosterically enhances receptor activity for mGlu2 and/or mGlu3.

IT 611168-14-0, LY 404039

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
 (Biological study); USES (Uses)

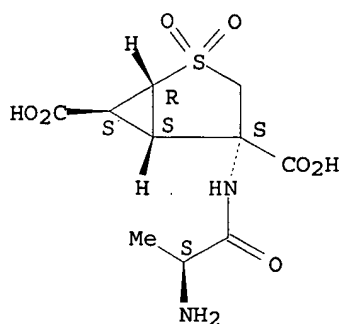
(atypical antipsychotic-mGlu2/3 receptor agonist combination for  
 treatment of psychoses and psychiatric disorders)

RN 611168-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-1-oxopropyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.





IT 611168-14-0, LY 404039 611168-15-1 611168-20-8

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(atypical antipsychotic-mGlu2/3 receptor agonist combination for treatment of psychoses and psychiatric disorders)

RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:769630 HCAPLUS

DN 140:246751

TI Comparison of the effect of glutamate receptor modulators in the 6 Hz and maximal electroshock seizure models

AU Barton, Matthew E.; Peters, Steven C.; Shannon, Harlan E.

CS Lilly Research Laboratories, Neuroscience Research Division, Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA

SO Epilepsy Research (2003), 56(1), 17-26

CODEN: EPIRE8; ISSN: 0920-1211

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

AB Glutamatergic ionotropic and metabotropic receptor modulators have been shown to produce anticonvulsant activity in a number of animal seizure models, e.g. maximal electroshock (MES) and DBA/2 sensory-induced seizures. The 6 Hz model of partial seizures is an alternative low frequency, long duration stimulation paradigm resulting in a seizure characterized by jaw and forelimb clonus, immobility, and an elevated tail (Straub-tail). A unique aspect of this model is that it is the only acute elec.-induced seizure model in which levetiracetam has displayed anticonvulsant activity, suggesting that the 6 Hz seizure model may be useful in identifying compds. with unique anticonvulsant profiles. The purpose of the present study was to examine the role of glutamate receptors in the MES and 6 Hz seizure models using a number of NMDA, AMPA/KA, and mGlu receptor modulators. The pharmacol. profile of the 6 Hz seizure model was compared to that of the MES model using eight ionotropic glutamate receptor antagonists and eight mGlu receptor modulators. The ionotropic receptor antagonists MK-801, LY235959, NBQX, LY293558, GYKI 52466, LY300168, and LY377770 produced complete protection from tonic extension in the MES model. Furthermore, the noncompetitive mGlu1 (LY456236) and mGlu5 (MPEP) metabotropic receptor antagonists and the mGlu8 metabotropic receptor agonist (PPG) were also effective in the MES model whereas the competitive mGlu1 (LY367385) receptor antagonist, the mGlu2/3 (LY379268 and LY389795) and Group III (1-AP4) metabotropic receptor agonists were ineffective. In contrast, all of the compds. tested, produced dose-dependent protection in the 6 Hz model with an increase in potency as compared to the MES model. The largest protective indexes (P.I.=TD50/ED50) observed were associated with the iGlu5 antagonist LY382884 and the mGlu2/3 receptor agonists LY379268 and LY389795 (P.I.=14, 14, and 4.9, resp.) in the 6 Hz model. The results from the present study support the continued search for glutamate receptor

modulators as potential antiepileptic agents. Furthermore these results illustrate the importance of using several different animal seizure models in the search for novel AEDs and the potential utility of the 6 Hz seizure model in identifying novel AEDs.

IT 222529-89-7, LY389795

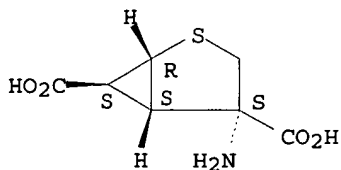
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparison of effect of glutamate receptor modulators in 6 Hz and maximal electroshock seizure models)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY389795

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(comparison of effect of glutamate receptor modulators in 6 Hz and maximal electroshock seizure models)

RE.CNT 33 THERE ARE 33 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 7 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2002:531823 HCAPLUS

DN 137:232888

TI (2S,1'S,2'S,3'R)-2-(2'-Carboxy-3'-methylcyclopropyl)Glycine Is a Potent and Selective Metabotropic Group 2 Receptor Agonist with Anxiolytic Properties

AU Collado, Ivan; Pedregal, Concepcion; Mazon, Angel; Felix Espinosa, Juan; Blanco-Urgoiti, Jaime; Schoepp, Darryle D.; Wright, Rebecca A.; Johnson, Bryan G.; Kingston, Ann E.

CS Lilly SA, Madrid, 28108, Spain

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (2002), 45(17), 3619-3629

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

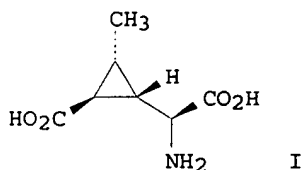
PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

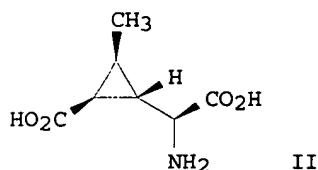
LA English

OS CASREACT 137:232888

GI



I



II

AB The asym. synthesis and biol. activity of (2S,1'S,2'S,3'R)-2-(2'-carboxy-3'-methylcyclopropyl)glycine I and its epimer II (at the C3' center) are described. I is a highly potent and selective agonist for group 2 metabotropic glutamate receptors (mGluRs). It is also systemically 4 orders of magnitude more active in the fear-potentiated startle model of

anxiety in rats than the rigid constrained bicyclic system LY354740. In summary, the authors have shown that high mol. complexity of conformationally constrained bicyclic systems is not a requirement to achieve highly selective and potent group 2 mGluRs agonists.

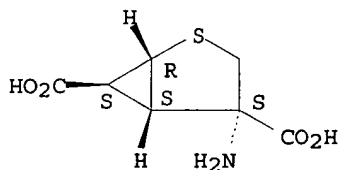
IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(biol. activity comparisons of [(carboxy)(methyl)cyclopropyl]glycine with other selective agonists of metabotropic glutamate receptors)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(biol. activity comparisons of [(carboxy)(methyl)cyclopropyl]glycine with other selective agonists of metabotropic glutamate receptors)

RE.CNT 80 THERE ARE 80 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2002:512140 HCAPLUS

DN 138:198422

TI Group II mGluR receptor agonists are effective in persistent and neuropathic pain models in rats

AU Simmons, Rosa Maria A.; Webster, Amy A.; Kalra, Anshu B.; Iyengar, Smriti

CS Eli Lilly and Company, Lilly Research Laboratories, Lilly Corporate Center, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA

SO Pharmacology, Biochemistry and Behavior (2002), 73(2), 419-427

CODEN: PBBHAU; ISSN: 0091-3057

PB Elsevier Science Inc.

DT Journal

LA English

AB The involvement of Group II metabotropic receptors in acute and persistent pain states was evaluated in several in vivo models of pain with selective and potent Group II metabotropic glutamate (mGlu) 2,3 agonists. LY354740, LY379268 and LY389795 attenuated late-phase paw-licking pain behavior in a dose-dependent manner in the formalin model of persistent pain. Effects occurred in the absence of overt neuromuscular deficits as measured by performance in the rotorod test for ataxia. The effects of LY354740 and LY379268 were also stereoselective. The order of potency of the agonists was LY389795>LY379268>LY354740. The attenuation of licking behavior by LY379268 (3 mg/kg) in the formalin model was reversed by a potent and selective mGlu2,3 receptor antagonist, LY341495 (1 mg/kg). In the L5/L6 spinal nerve ligation model of neuropathic pain in rats, LY379268 significantly reversed mech. allodynia behavior in a dose-related manner. In contrast, LY379268 had no significant effects on the tail flick test or paw withdrawal test of acute thermal nociceptive function. These results support the involvement of Group II mGlu2,3 receptors in persistent pain mechanisms and suggest the potential utility of selective Group II mGlu agonists for the treatment of persistent pain.

IT 222529-89-7, LY389795

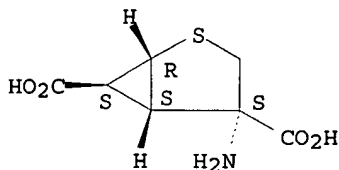
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(group II mGluR receptor agonists are effective in persistent and

neuropathic pain models in rats)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY389795

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL  
(Biological study); USES (Uses)

(group II mGluR receptor agonists are effective in persistent and  
neuropathic pain models in rats)

RE.CNT 51 THERE ARE 51 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2000:741905 HCAPLUS

DN 133:305610

TI Treatment of neurological disorders with nitric oxide synthase inhibitors  
and excitatory amino receptor modulators

IN O'Neill, Michael John

PA Eli Lilly and Company Limited, UK

SO PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO2000061126	A2	20001019	2000WO-GB01284	20000406
	WO2000061126	A3	20010823		
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW				
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				

PRAI 1999GB-0008175 A 19990409

AB The present invention relates to a method of treating a neurol. disorder comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a nitric oxide synthase inhibitor in combination with an effective amount of an excitatory amino receptor modulator. Combination of 2.5 mg/kg Mk-801, i.p., and 25 mg/kg ARL17477, i.p., had a synergistic degree of neuroprotection (78%) in cerebral ischemia induced in gerbils.

IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

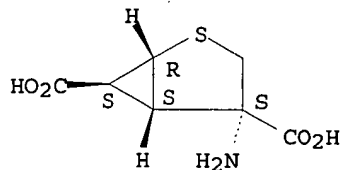
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of neurol. disorders with nitric oxide synthase inhibitors and excitatory amino receptor modulators)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-  
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(treatment of neurol. disorders with nitric oxide synthase inhibitors and excitatory amino receptor modulators)

L19 ANSWER 10 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2000:74530 HCAPLUS

DN 132:217391

TI Neuroprotective actions of novel and potent ligands of group I and group II metabotropic glutamate receptors

AU Kingston, A. E.; O'Neill, M. J.; Bond, A.; Bruno, V.; Battaglia, G.; Nicoletti, F.; Harris, J. R.; Clark, B. P.; Monn, J. A.; Lodge, D.; Schoepp, D. D.

CS Eli Lilly and Co. Ltd., Windlesham, Surrey, GU20 6PH, UK

SO Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences (1999), 890 (Neuroprotective Agents), 438-449

CODEN: ANYAA9; ISSN: 0077-8923

PB New York Academy of Sciences

DT Journal

LA English

AB The role of group I metabotropic glutamate (mGlu) receptors in neurodegeneration is controversial because of the contradictory effects of mGlu1/5 agonists in in vitro models of neuronal cell death. In this study, novel and selective antagonists of mGlu1 and mGlu5: LY367385 and LY367366 were found to show consistent neuroprotective effects against N-methyl-D-aspartate (NMDA)-induced excitotoxicity in vitro and in vivo. Furthermore, intraventricular administration of LY367385 reduced hippocampal cell death in gerbils subjected to transient global ischemia. Previous studies have also shown that activation of group II mGlu receptors may contribute to neuroprotective mechanisms in vitro and in vivo. Three potent group II mGlu agonists-LY354740, LY379268 and LY389795-were found to attenuate both NMDA excitotoxicity and staurosporine-induced neuronal cell death. LY354740 and LY379268 were protective against transient global ischemia in gerbils when dosed i.p. These results support the view that antagonists of mGlu1 and mGlu5 and agonists of group II mGlu receptors may be useful agents in the therapeutic treatment of neurodegenerative disease.

IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

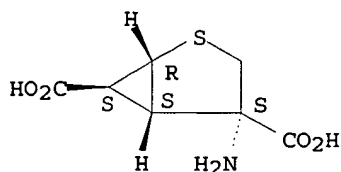
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(neuroprotective actions of novel and potent ligands of group I and group II metabotropic glutamate receptors)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(neuroprotective actions of novel and potent ligands of group I and group II metabotropic glutamate receptors)

RE.CNT 31 THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 11 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1999:546800 HCAPLUS

DN 131:281408

TI Neuroprotection by metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists: LY354740, LY379268 and LY389795

AU Kingston, Ann E.; O'Neill, Michael J.; Lam, Amy; Bales, Kelly R.; Monn, James A.; Schoepp, Darryle D.

CS Eli Lilly, Lilly Research Centre, Windleshanz, Surrey, GU20 6PH, UK

SO European Journal of Pharmacology (1999), 377(2/3), 155-165

CODEN: EJPHAZ; ISSN: 0014-2999

PB Elsevier Science B.V.

DT Journal

LA English

AB In rat cortical neuronal cultures, metabotropic glutamate (mGlu) receptor agonists: LY354740 (+)-2-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,6-dicarboxylate; LY379268 (-)-2-oxa-4-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylate, and LY389795 (-)-2-thia-4-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylate, were neuroprotective against toxicity induced by N-methyl-D-aspartic acid (NMDA), kainic acid and staurosporine as measured by release of lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) activity into culture supernatants and DNA fragmentation by oligonucleosome formation. The potencies of the agonists were at least 100 times greater in reducing nucleosome formation than LDH release indicating a differential effect on neurons dying by apoptosis than by necrosis. In vivo studies showed that LY354740 was able to mediate a partial protection against apoptosis in CA1 hippocampal cells under ischemic conditions where substantial CA1 cell loss occurred. The effects of the agonists in vitro were: (a) reversed by mGlu receptor antagonist LY341495, (b) enhanced by the presence of glial cells, (c) abrogated by RNA and protein synthesis inhibitors, and (d) unaltered by inhibition of endogenous adenosine activity. These results suggest that group II mGlu receptor agonists may represent a novel therapeutic strategy for the treatment of neurodegenerative diseases.

IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

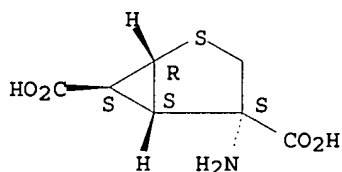
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(neuroprotection by metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists LY354740, LY379268 and LY389795)

RN 222529-89-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (-).



IT 222529-89-7, LY 389795

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(neuroprotection by metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists LY354740, LY379268 and LY389795)

RE.CNT 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 12 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1999:137687 HCAPLUS

DN 130:282320

TI Synthesis, Pharmacological Characterization, and Molecular Modeling of Heterobicyclic Amino Acids Related to (+)-2-Aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,6-dicarboxylic Acid (LY354740): Identification of Two New Potent, Selective, and Systemically Active Agonists for Group II Metabotropic Glutamate Receptors

AU Monn, James A.; Valli, Matthew J.; Massey, Steven M.; Hansen, Marvin M.; Kress, Thomas J.; Wepsiec, James P.; Harkness, Allen R.; Grutsch, John L., Jr.; Wright, Rebecca A.; Johnson, Bryan G.; Andis, Sherri L.; Kingston, Ann; Tomlinson, Rosemarie; Lewis, Richard; Griffey, Kelly R.; Tizzano, Joseph P.; Schoepp, Darryle D.

CS Discovery Chemistry Process Research and Development Neuroscience and Toxicology Research Divisions, Eli Lilly and Company, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1999), 42(6), 1027-1040  
CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

PB American Chemical Society

DT Journal

LA English

AB As part of an ongoing research program aimed at the identification of highly potent, selective, and systemically active agonists for group II metabotropic glutamate (mGlu) receptors, novel heterobicyclic amino acids (-)-2-oxa-4-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylate (LY379268, I) and (-)-2-thia-4-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylate (LY389795, II) have been prepared. I and II are structurally related to the previously described nanomolar potency group II mGlu receptor agonist, (+)-2-aminobicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-2,6-dicarboxylate monohydrate (LY354740 monohydrate, III), with the C(4)-methylene unit of III being replaced with either an oxygen atom or a sulfur atom. I and II potently and stereospecifically displaced specific binding of the mGlu2/3 receptor antagonist ([3H]LY341495) in rat cerebral cortical homogenates, displaying IC50 values of 15 ± 4 and 8.4 ± 0.8 nM, resp., while having no effect up to 100,000 nM on radioligand binding to the glutamate recognition site on NMDA, AMPA, or kainate receptors. I and II also potently displaced [3H]LY341495 binding from membranes expressing recombinant human group II mGlu receptor subtypes: I Ki = 14.1 ± 1.4 nM at mGlu2 and 5.8 ± 0.64 nM at mGlu3; II Ki = 40.6 ± 3.7 nM at mGlu2 and 4.7 ± 1.2 nM at mGlu3. Evaluation of the functional effects of I and II on second-messenger responses in nonneuronal cells expressing human mGlu receptor subtypes demonstrated each to be a highly potent agonist for group II mGlu receptors: I EC50 = 2.69 ± 0.26 nM at mGlu2 and 4.58 ± 0.04 nM at mGlu3; II EC50 = 3.91 ± 0.81 nM at mGlu2 and 7.63 ± 2.08 nM at mGlu3. In contrast, neither compound (up to 10,000 nM) displayed either agonist or antagonist activity in cells expressing recombinant human mGlu1a, mGlu5a, mGlu4a, or mGlu7a receptors. The agonist effects of

I and II at group II mGlu receptors were not totally specific, however, as mGlu6 agonist activity was observed at high nanomolar concns. for I ( $EC_{50} = 401 \pm 46$  nM) and at micromolar concns. ( $EC_{50} = 2\,430 \pm 600$  nM) for II; furthermore, each activated mGlu8 receptors at micromolar concns. ( $EC_{50} = 1\,690 \pm 130$  and  $7\,340 \pm 2\,720$  nM, resp.). I.p. administration of either I or II in the mouse resulted in a dose-related blockade of limbic seizure activity produced by the nonselective group I/group II mGluR agonist (1S,3R)-ACPD (I  $ED_{50} = 19$  mg/kg, II  $ED_{50} = 14$  mg/kg), indicating that these mols. effectively cross the blood-brain barrier following systemic administration and suppress group I mGluR-mediated limbic excitation. Thus, I and II are novel pharmacol. tools useful for exploring the functions of mGlu receptors in vitro and in vivo.

IT 191471-53-1P

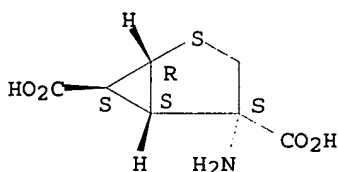
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of aminooxa- and -thiabicyclohexanedicarboxylates as group II metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists)

RN 191471-53-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 191471-53-1P 222529-89-7P 222529-90-0P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of aminooxa- and -thiabicyclohexanedicarboxylates as group II metabotropic glutamate receptor agonists)

RE.CNT 38 THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 13 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 1998:527203 HCAPLUS

DN 129:156945

TI Treatment for premenstrual dysphoric disorder

IN Levine, Louise R.

PA Eli Lilly and Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

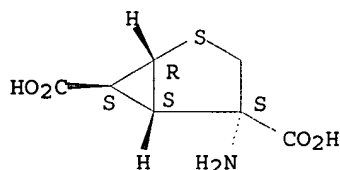
FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO---9832436	A1	19980730	1998WO-US01344	19980123
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, GW, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA---2275777	A1	19980730	1998CA-2275777	19980123



AU---9862487            A        19980818        1998AU-0062487        19980123  
 EP---1014971            A1      20000705        1998EP-0904669        19980123  
       R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, NL, SE, PT, IE, FI  
 JP2001511131            T        20010807        1998JP-0532158        19980123  
 PRAI 1997US-036176P       P        19970129  
       1998WO-US01344       W        19980123  
 AB Agonists which act at neg.-coupled cAMP-linked metabotropic glutamate  
      receptors are useful for treating premenstrual dysphoric disorder. An  
      example compound which was synthesized is 1SR,4SR,5SR,6SR-4-amino-2-  
      oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid.  
 IT 191471-53-1P  
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
      study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
      (oxa- and thiabicyclohexanedicarboxylates for treatment of premenstrual  
      dysphoric disorder)  
 RN 191471-53-1 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-,  
      (1R,4S,5S,6S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

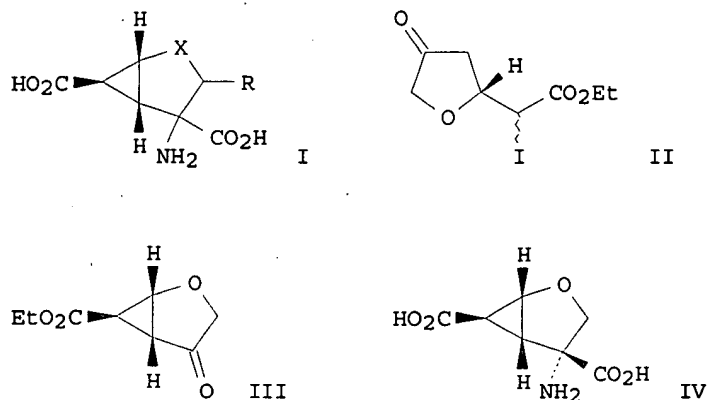
Relative stereochemistry.



IT 191471-53-1P  
      RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological  
      study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
      (oxa- and thiabicyclohexanedicarboxylates for treatment of premenstrual  
      dysphoric disorder)  
 RE.CNT 3        THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 14 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 1997:752747 HCAPLUS  
 DN 127:359103  
 TI Preparation of bicyclic excitatory amino acid derivatives  
 IN Massey, Steven Marc; Monn, James Allen; Valli, Matthew John  
 PA Eli Lilly and Co., USA  
 SO U.S., 15 pp.  
      CODEN: USXXAM  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US---5688826	A	19971118	1996US-0749140	19961114
PRAI	1996US-0749140		19961114		
OS	MARPAT 127:359103				
GI					



AB Title compds. I [X = O, NR<sub>1</sub>, S, S(O), SO<sub>2</sub>; R = H, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-6 alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-6 alkynyl, (un)substituted aromatic group, (un)substituted heteroarom. group, non-aromatic carbocyclic group, non-aromatic heterocyclic group, non-aromatic monocyclic carbocyclic group fused with 1-2 monocyclic aromatic or heteroarom. groups, non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group fused with 1-2 monocyclic aromatic or heteroarom. groups, C<sub>1</sub>-6 alkyl, C<sub>2</sub>-6 alkenyl, C<sub>2</sub>-6 alkynyl substituted by 0-3 (un)substituted aromatic groups, (un)substituted heteroarom. groups, non-aromatic carbocyclic groups, non-aromatic heterocyclic groups, non-aromatic monocyclic carbocyclic group fused with 1-2 monocyclic aromatic or heteroarom. groups, non-aromatic monocyclic heterocyclic group fused with 1-2 two monocyclic aromatic or heteroarom. groups; R<sub>1</sub> = H, (CO)nR; n = 0-1], non-toxic metabolically labile esters or amides thereof, and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof are useful as modulators of metabotropic glutamate receptor function. Thus, selective ketalization of (S)-(-)-1,2,4-butanetriol with acetone, followed by oxidation, Wittig olefination with (carbethoxymethylene)triphenylphosphorane, deprotection, iodolactonization, and oxidation gave tetrahydrofuranylacetate II. Treatment of II with DBU in EtOAc gave oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexanonecarboxylate III, which was converted into title compound IV via spirohydantoin formation with (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub> and KCN, followed by basic hydrolysis and saponification formulations containing I are also given.

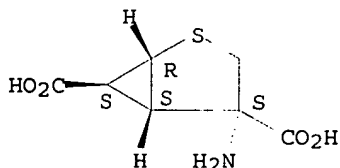
IT 191471-53-1P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(preparation of bicyclic excitatory amino acid derivs.)

RN 191471-53-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-,  
(1R,4S,5S,6S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



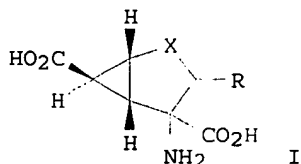
IT 191471-53-1P 191471-54-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of bicyclic excitatory amino acid derivs.)

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 15 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 AN 1997:443241 HCAPLUS  
 DN 127:66216  
 TI Preparation of excitatory amino acid derivatives  
 IN Monn, James Allen; Valli, Matthew John; Massey, Steven Marc  
 PA Eli Lilly and Co., USA  
 SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.  
 CODEN: EPXXDW  
 DT Patent  
 LA English  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP----774461	A1	19970521	1996EP-0308216	19961114
	EP----774461	B1	20060308		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
	CA---2237910	A1	19970522	1996CA-2237910	19961112
	CA---2237910	C	20051227		
	WO---9718199	A1	19970522	1996WO-US18112	19961112
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	RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	AU---9677279	A	19970605	1996AU-0077279	19961112
	AU---703409	B2	19990325		
	ZA---9609486	A	19980512	1996ZA-0009486	19961112
	CN---1202167	A	19981216	1996CN-0198396	19961112
	BR---9611511	A	19990504	1996BR-0011511	19961112
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	IL---124487	A	20010111	1996IL-0124487	19961112
	HU---9903459	A2	20010428	1999HU-0003459	19961112
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	ES---2258771	T3	20060901	1996ES-0308216	19961114
	NO---9802202	A	19980514	1998NO-0002202	19980514
PRAI	1995US-006864P	P	19951116		
	1996GB-0005434	A	19960315		
	1996WO-US18112	W	19961112		
OS	MARPAT 127:66216				
GI					



AB Bicyclic amino acids I [X = O, NH, NR, NCOR, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>; R = H or (un)substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, carbocyclyl, heterocyclyl] or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepared for use as modulators of metabotropic glutamate receptor function. Thus, 1SR,4SR,5RS,6SR-4-amino-2-oxabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid was prepared in several steps from 1,2,4-butanetriol and (carbethoxymethylene)triphenylphosphorane. Formulations containing I are described.

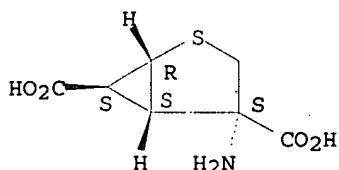
IT 191471-53-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(excitatory amino acid derivs.)

RN 191471-53-1 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-amino-,  
(1R,4S,5S,6S)-rel- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



IT 191471-53-1P 191471-54-2P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(excitatory amino acid derivs.)

=> d bib abs hitstr l32

L32 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:991499 HCAPLUS

DN 140:42463

TI Preparation of prodrugs of excitatory amino acids

IN Moher, Eric David; Monn, James Allen; Pedregal-Tercero, Concepcion

PA Eli Lilly and Company, USA; Collado, Cano Ivan; Blanco-Urgoiti, Jamie Gonzalo

SO PCT Int. Appl., 172 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

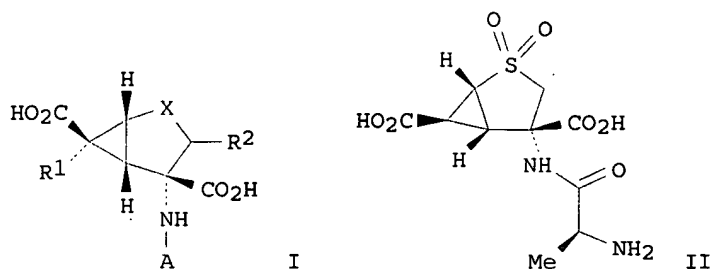
DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO2003104217	A2	20031218	2003WO-US15405	20030606
	WO2003104217	A3	20040226		
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RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA---	2488167	A1	20031218	2003CA-2488167	20030606
AU2003232146		A1	20031222	2003AU-0232146	20030606
EP---	1517915	A2	20050330	2003EP-0757266	20030606
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
JP2006503807		T	20060202	2004JP-0511287	20030606
US2005222231		A1	20051006	2004US-0516559	20041130
IN2004KN01838		A	20060721	2004IN-KN01838	20041202
NO2005000122		A	20050110	2005NO-0000122	20050110
PRAI	2002EP-0380120	A	20020611		
	2002EP-0380121	A	20020611		
	2002US-415936P	P	20021003		
	2002US-415937P	P	20021003		
	2003WO-US15405	W	20030606		

OS MARPAT 140:42463  
GI



AB The invention relates to synthetic excitatory amino acid prodrugs for the treatment of neurol. disorders and psychiatric disorders. Bicyclic amino acids I [A is H-Q1-10, where Q is aminoacyl; X is O, S, SO, SO<sub>2</sub>, or substituted methylene; R<sub>1</sub> is H or F; R<sub>2</sub> is H, F, or OH] or their pharmaceutically-acceptable salts are claimed. Thus, prodrug II.HCl was prepared via peptide coupling reaction and shown to exhibit comparable concentration in rat plasma to that of the non-prodrug form.

IT 635318-26-2P 635318-55-7P 635318-56-8P  
635318-57-9P

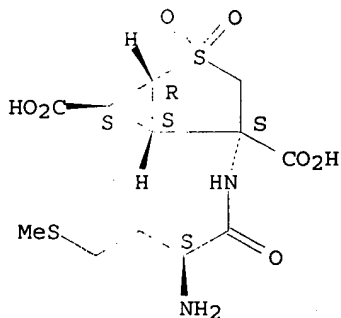
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of prodrugs of excitatory amino acids)

RN 635318-26-2 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-4-(methylthio)-1-oxobutyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, monohydrochloride, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

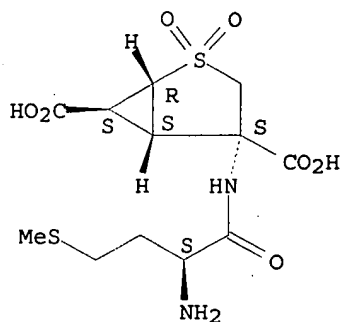


● HCl

RN 635318-55-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-4-(methylthio)-1-oxobutyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



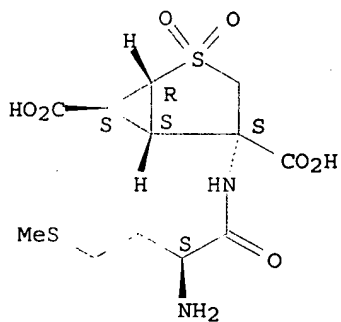
RN 635318-56-8 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-4-(methylthio)-1-oxobutyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-, mono(4-methylbenzenesulfonate) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 635318-55-7

CMF C12 H18 N2 O7 S2

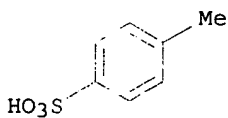
Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



CM 2

CRN 104-15-4

CMF C7 H8 O3 S



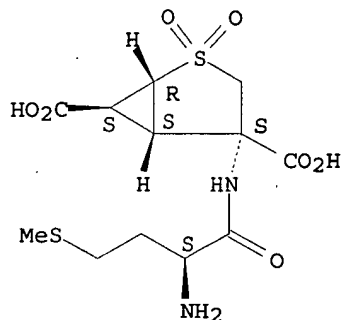
RN 635318-57-9 HCAPLUS  
 CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-4-(methylthio)-1-oxobutyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, (1R,4S,5S,6S)-, monomethanesulfonate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 635318-55-7

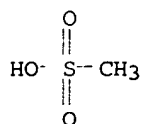
CMF C12 H18 N2 O7 S2

Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).



CM 2

CRN 75-75-2  
CMF C H4 O3 S



=> d bib abs hitstr l29 tot

L29 ANSWER 1 OF 1 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

AN 2003:818322 HCAPLUS

DN 139:302068

TI Therapy for psychoses combining an atypical antipsychotic and an mGlu2/3 receptor agonist

IN Johnson, Bryan Glenn; Schoepp, Darryle Darwin

PA Eli Lilly and Company, USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO2003084610	A1	20031016	2003WO-US07283	20030321
	W:				
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	RW:				
	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
	CA---2478227	A1	20031016	2003CA-2478227	20030321
	AU2003218063	A1	20031020	2003AU-0218063	20030321
	EP---1492595	A1	20050105	2003EP-0714045	20030321
	R:				
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	JP2005528378	T	20050922	2003JP-0581846	20030321
	US2005192273	A1	20050901	2004US-0509772	20040928
PRAI	2002US-369771P	P	20020403		
	2002US-369797P	P	20020403		
	2003WO-US07283	W	20030321		

AB The invention provides a pharmaceutical composition and methods for treating psychosis comprising the combination or a first component which is an atypical antipsychotic with a second component which is a mGlu2/3 receptor agonist. The invention also provides a pharmaceutical composition and method of treating a psychiatric disorder comprising the combination of a first component which is an atypical antipsychotic with a second component which is a compound which allosterically enhances receptor activity for mGlu2 and/or mGlu3.

IT 611168-14-0, LY 404039

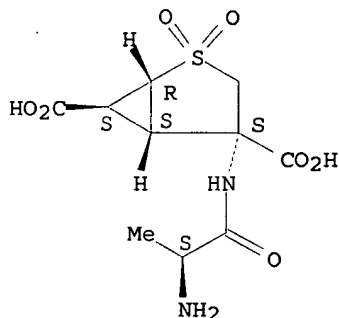
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(atypical antipsychotic-mGlu2/3 receptor agonist combination for treatment of psychoses and psychiatric disorders)

RN 611168-14-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Thiabicyclo[3.1.0]hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid, 4-[[[(2S)-2-amino-1-oxopropyl]amino]-, 2,2-dioxide, (1R,4S,5S,6S)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.



RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

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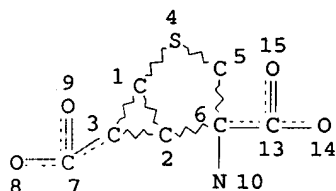
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<http://scientific.thomson.com/media/scpdf/ipcrdwpi.pdf>

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 PLEASE SEE  
[http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi\\_r.html](http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi_r.html) <<<  
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GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
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L46 ANSWER 1 OF 1 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 AN 2004-098898 [10] WPIX  
 ED 20050528  
 DNC C2004-040767 [10]  
 TI New amino acid prodrugs useful for treating e.g. psychiatric disorder and  
 neurological disorder e.g. Tourette's syndrome, tardive dyskinesia,  
 schizophrenia and anxiety  
 DC B03; B05; P34  
 IN BLANCO-URGOITI J G; BROOME T E; LADUCA P; MOHER E D; MONN J A;  
 PEDREGAL-TERCERO C; SALAHIEH A; SCHULTZ M; BLANCO-URGIOTI J G; COLLADO  
 CANO I  
 PA (BROO-I) BROOME T E; (LADU-I) LADUCA P; (ELIL-C) LILLY & CO ELI; (SALA-I)  
 SALAHIEH A; (SCHU-I) SCHULTZ M  
 CYC 103  
 PI WO--2003104217 A2 20031218 (200410)\* EN 172[0]  
 US-20040127936 A1 20040701 (200444) EN  
 AU--2003232146 A1 20031222 (200445) EN  
 EP-----1517915 A2 20050330 (200522) EN  
 NO---200500122 A 20050110 (200523) NO C07K-005/06  
 KR--2005009742 A 20050125 (200535) KO C07D-333/78  
 US-2005022231 A1 20051006 (200566) EN

TW---200400815 A 20040116 (200567) ZH A61K-031/195  
 MX--2004012518 A1 20050301 (200568) ES  
 JP--2006503807 W 20060202 (200611) JA 115  
 IN---200401838 P2 20060721 (200656) EN  
 ZA---200409553 A 20060927 (200669) EN 183 C07K-000/00  
 ADT WO--2003104217 A2 2003WO-US0015405 20030606; US-20040127936 A1  
 Provisional 2002US-000415936P 20021003; US-20050222231 A1 Provisional  
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 AU--2003232146 A1 2003AU-000232146 20030606; EP-----1517915 A2  
 2003EP-000757266 20030606; EP-----1517915 A2 2003WO-US0015405 20030606;  
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 2004US-000516559 20041130; IN---200401838 P2 2004IN-KOLNP1838 20041202;  
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 WO--2003104217 A; MX--2004012518 A1 Based on WO--2003104217 A;  
 JP--2006503807 W Based on WO--2003104217 A  
 PRAI 2002US-000415937P 20021003  
 2002EP-000380120 20020611  
 2002EP-000380121 20020611  
 2002US-000415936P 20021003  
 2003US-000677716 20031002  
 IC ICM A61K-031/195; C07D-333/00; C07D-333/78; C07K-07D/; C07K-005/06  
 ICS A61K-07K/; C07C-229/00; C07D-333/48  
 IPCI A61K-0038/00 [I,A]; A61P-0001/00 [I,C]; A61P-0001/08 [I,A]; A61P-0013/00  
 [I,C]; A61P-0013/02 [I,A]; A61P-0019/00 [I,A]; A61P-0021/00 [I,A];  
 A61P-0021/04 [I,A]; A61P-0025/00 [I,A]; A61P-0025/06 [I,A]; A61P-0025/08  
 [I,A]; A61P-0025/14 [I,A]; A61P-0025/16 [I,A]; A61P-0025/18 [I,A];  
 A61P-0025/20 [I,A]; A61P-0025/22 [I,A]; A61P-0025/24 [I,A]; A61P-0025/28  
 [I,A]; A61P-0025/30 [I,A]; A61P-0025/34 [I,A]; A61P-0027/00 [I,C];  
 A61P-0027/02 [I,A]; A61P-0029/00 [I,A]; A61P-0003/00 [I,C]; A61P-0003/10  
 [I,A]; A61P-0031/00 [I,C]; A61P-0031/18 [I,A]; A61P-0043/00 [I,A];  
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 [I,A]  
 IPCR A61B-0017/22 [I,A]; A61B-0017/22 [I,C]; A61K-0031/557 [I,C]; A61K-0031/558  
 [I,A]; A61K-0038/00 [N,A]; A61K-0038/00 [N,C]; A61K-0038/05 [I,A];  
 A61K-0038/05 [I,C]; A61M-0029/00 [I,A]; A61M-0029/00 [I,C]; C07D-0333/00  
 [I,C]; C07D-0333/72 [I,A]; C07D-0409/00 [I,C]; C07D-0409/02 [I,A];  
 C07K-0005/00 [I,C]; C07K-0005/06 [I,A]; C07K-0005/062 [I,A]; C07K-0005/065  
 [I,A]; C07K-0005/068 [I,A]  
 AB WO 2003104217 A2 UPAB: 20060121  
 NOVELTY - Amino acid prodrugs or their salts are new.  
 DETAILED DESCRIPTION - Amino acid prodrugs of formula (I) or its  
 salts are new.  
 A = H-(Q)p-;  
 Q = amino acyl;  
 p = 1 - 10;  
 X = O, S, SO, SO2 or CR3R4;  
 R3 = F, X'OR5, SO3H, tetrazol-5-yl, CN, PO3(R6)2, OH, NO2, N3,  
 (CH2)mCOOR5a, (CH2)mPO3(R6a)2, NHCONHR5b, NHSO2R5c, amino or carboxyl;  
 R4 = H, F, amino or carboxyl;  
 R3+R4 = =O, =NOR7, =CR8R9, =CHCOOR5b, =CHPO3(R6a)2, or =CHCN;  
 X' = a bond, CH2 or CO;  
 m = 1 - 3;  
 R5, R5a, R5b, R5c and R7 - R9 = 1-6C alkyl, 2-6C alkenyl, 2-6C  
 alkynyl, aromatic group, or heteroaromatic group (all optionally  
 substituted), H, non-aromatic carbocyclic group, non-aromatic heterocyclic  
 group, non-aromatic monocyclic carbocyclic group or non-aromatic  
 monocyclic heterocyclic group (both fused with at least one monocyclic  
 aromatic or heteroaromatic groups);

R6 and R6a = H or 1-6C alkyl;

R10 = H or F; and

R11 = H, F or OH.

One of R3 or R4 is amino and the other is carboxyl.

An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is included for the preparation of (I).

ACTIVITY - Neuroprotective; Cardiant; Vasotropic; Vulnerary; Cerebroprotective; Tranquilizer; Immunosuppressive; Nootropic; Anticonvulsant; Anti-HIV; Respiratory-Gen.; Antidiabetic; Ophthalmological; Antiparkinsonian; Antimigraine; Analgesic; Uropathic; Antiaddictive; Antismoking; Antiemetic; Antiinflammatory; Hypnotic; Neuroleptic; Muscular-Gen.; Antidepressant.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - mGluR2 receptor agonist. The ability of (I) to determine the mGluR2 receptor agonist activity was determined using CHO cells over-expressing the hPepT1 transporter and the EC50 value was found to be less than 5 mM. No specific results for specific compounds given.

USE - For affecting the cAMP-linked metabotropic glutamate receptor for modulated excitatory amino acid neurotransmission; and for treating neurological disorder (e.g. cerebral deficits subsequent to cardiac bypass and grafting, cerebral ischemia, spinal cord trauma, head trauma, Alzheimer's Disease, Huntington's Chorea, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, AIDS-induced dementia, perinatal hypoxia, hypoglycemic neuronal damage, ocular damage and retinopathy, cognitive disorders, idiopathic and drug-induced Parkinson's Disease, muscular spasms, migraine headaches, urinary incontinence, drug tolerance, withdrawal, cessation, and craving, smoking cessation, emesis, brain edema, chronic pain, sleep disorders, convulsions, Tourette's syndrome, attention deficit disorder, and tardive dyskinesia) and psychiatric disorder (e.g. schizophrenia, anxiety and related disorders, depression, bipolar disorders, psychosis, and obsessive compulsive disorders) (all claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The compound maintains the safety and efficacy of prior art compound with increased oral bioavailability.

TECH ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preparation (claimed): Preparation of (I) involves: acylating a protected amino acid compounds of formula (i) with a amino acyl of formula PgN-A (ii). The protecting group is removed, when functional group is protected using a protecting group. The method optionally further involves either:

- (1) reacting the basic form of (I) with an acid having a counterion;
- (2) for (I) (having an acidic moiety), reacting the acidic form of (I) with a base having a cation; or
- (3) for (I) (zwitterionic compound), neutralizing the acid-addition salt form or base-addition salt of (I).

Pgc = protecting group; and

PgN = nitrogen-protecting group.

ABEX DEFINITIONS - Preferred Definitions: - Q = L-alanyl; - p = 1; - X = SO2 or CR3R4; - R3 = F; - R4, R10 and R11 = H; and - R3+R4 = =O.

ADMINISTRATION - The dosage is 25 - 300 mg and administered orally.

SPECIFIC COMPOUNDS - 14 Compounds are specifically claimed as (I), e.g. (1R,4S,5S,6S)-4-(2'S-aminopropionyl)amino)-2,2-dioxo-2lambda6-thia-bicyclo(3.1.0)hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid hydrochloride.

EXAMPLE - To a suspension of (1R,4S,5S,6S)-4-(2'S-tert-butoxycarbonylamino)propionylamino)-2,2-dioxo-2lambda6-thia-bicyclo(3.1.0)hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid (110 g) in ethyl acetate (563 ml) was added a solution of hydrogen chloride in ethyl acetate (514 ml) over 20 minutes. After work up (1R,4S,5S,6S)-4-(2'S-aminopropionyl)amino)-2,2-dioxo-2lambda6-thia-bicyclo(3.1.0)hexane-4,6-dicarboxylic acid hydrochloride (85.77 g; yield 92%) was obtained.

IT UPIT 20060121

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FS CPI; GMPI

MC CPI: B06-A02; B06-B01; B10-B01B; B10-B02B; B14-C01; B14-E05; B14-F02D1;  
B14-J01A3; B14-J01A4; B14-J01B1; B14-J01B3; B14-J01B4; B14-J05D;  
B14-J07; B14-K01; B14-L01; B14-M01B; B14-N03; B14-N07D; B14-N16

CMC UPB 20060121

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G600 H1 H100 H181 H6 H601 H661 J0 J013 J1 J152 J3 J361 M280 M312  
M321 M331 M340 M342 M349 M381 M391 M411 M510 M520 M530 M541 M640  
M710 M720 N209 N231 N233 N241 N242 N261 N309 N333 N362 N512 P411  
P442 P443 P444 P445 P446 P448 P510 P528 P642 P820 P922 M905  
M904  
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DCN: RACVRO-N RACVRO-P RACVRO-T  
DCR: 835433-N 835433-P 835433-T

M2 \*02\* G031 G034 G038 G060 G600 H100 H181 H601 H661 J013 J152 J361 K431  
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M381 M391 M415 M510 M520 M530 M541 M620 M650 M710 M720 N209 N231  
N233 N241 N242 N261 N309 N333 N362 N512 P411 P442 P443 P444 P445  
P446 P448 P510 P528 P642 P820 P922 M905 M904  
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DCR: 835437-N 835437-P 835437-T

M2 \*03\* G031 G034 G038 G060 G600 H100 H181 H601 H661 J013 J152 J361 K431  
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M381 M391 M415 M510 M520 M530 M541 M620 M650 M710 M720 N209 N231  
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P446 P448 P510 P528 P642 P820 P922 M905 M904  
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DCR: 835442-N 835442-P 835442-T

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M342 M349 M381 M391 M414 M510 M520 M530 M531 M540 M541 M650 M710  
M720 N209 N231 N233 N241 N242 N261 N309 N333 N362 N512 P411 P442  
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M381 M391 M411 M510 M520 M530 M541 M630 M710 M720 N209 N231 N233  
N241 N242 N261 N309 N333 N362 N512 P411 P442 P443 P444 P445 P446  
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DCR: 835449-N 835449-P 835449-T

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M414 M510 M520 M530 M531 M540 M541 M650 M710 M720 N209 N231 N233  
N241 N242 N261 N309 N333 N362 N512 P411 P442 P443 P444 P445 P446  
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DCR: 835454-N 835454-P 835454-T

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P411 P442 P443 P444 P445 P446 P448 P510 P528 P642 P820 P922

M905 M904  
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 DCR: 835468-N 835468-P 835468-T  
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 G032 G034 G036 G038 G039 G040 G050 G051 G111 G112 G221 G299 G551  
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 J581 K353 K431 K432 K441 K510 K840 L144 L145 L432 L722 M116 M121  
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=> b beilstein

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 13:24:50 ON 22 MAR 2007

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FILE LAST UPDATED ON JANUARY 10, 2007

FILE COVERS 1771 TO 2006.

\*\*\* FILE CONTAINS 9,780,003 SUBSTANCES \*\*\*

>>>PLEASE NOTE: Reaction Data and substance data are stored in  
 separate documents and can not be searched together in one query.  
 Reaction data for BEILSTEIN compounds may be displayed  
 immediately with the display codes PRE (preparations) and REA  
 (reactions). A substance answer set retrieved after the search  
 for a chemical name, a compounds with available reaction

information by combining with PRE/FA, REA/FA or more generally with RX/FA. The BEILSTEIN Registry Number (BRN) is the link between a BEILSTEIN compound and belonging reactions. For more detailed reaction searches BRNs can be searched as reaction partner BRNs Reactant BRN (RX.RBRN) or Product BRN (RX.PBRN).<<<

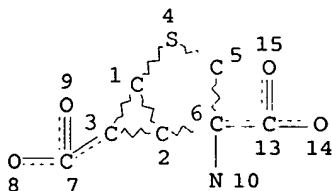
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#### NEW

\* PATENT NUMBERS (PN) AND BABS ACCESSION NUMBERS (BABSAN) CAN NOW BE SEARCHED, SELECTED AND TRANSFERRED.  
 \* NEW DISPLAY FORMATS ALLREF, ALLP AND BABSAN SHOW ALL REFERENCES, ALL PATENT REFERENCES, OR ALL BABS ACCESSION NUMBERS FOR A COMPOUND AT A GLANCE.

=> d que sta l39  
 L7 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
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 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
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100.0% PROCESSED 4 ITERATIONS 4 ANSWERS  
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=> b marpat  
 FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 13:24:57 ON 22 MAR 2007  
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FILE CONTENT: 1961-PRESENT VOL 146 ISS 12 (20070316/ED)

SOME MARPAT RECORDS ARE DERIVED FROM INPI DATA FOR 1961-1987

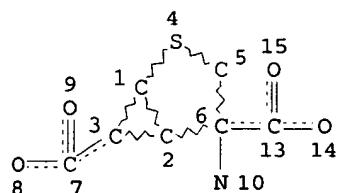
MOST RECENT CITATIONS FOR PATENTS FROM MAJOR ISSUING AGENCIES  
 (COVERAGE TO THESE DATES IS NOT COMPLETE):

US 2007021624 25 JAN 2007  
 DE 102005037076 25 JAN 2007  
 EP 1746674 24 JAN 2007

JP 2007019376 25 JAN 2007  
 WO 2007017126 15 FEB 2007  
 GB 2427406 27 DEC 2006  
 FR 2888846 26 JAN 2007  
 RU 2292368 27 JAN 2007  
 CA 2552059 19 JAN 2007

Expanded G-group definition display now available.

=> d que sta l41  
 L7 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
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 DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
 RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
 NUMBER OF NODES IS 13

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
 L41 6 SEA FILE=MARPAT SSS FUL L7

100.0% PROCESSED 5941 ITERATIONS  
 SEARCH TIME: 00.00.04

6 ANSWERS

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:10:12 ON 22 MAR 2007)

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:10:23 ON 22 MAR 2007  
 L1 1 US20050222231/PN OR (US2004-516559 OR EP2002-380121 OR EP2002-3

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:12:32 ON 22 MAR 2007

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:12:35 ON 22 MAR 2007  
 L2 TRA L1 1- RN : 171 TERMS

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:12:36 ON 22 MAR 2007

L3 171 SEA L2  
 L4 39 L3 AND C3-SC4/ES  
 L5 STR  
 L6 0 L5  
 L7 STR L5  
 L8 4 L7  
 L9 64 L7 FULL  
 SAV TEM J559C1/A L9  
 L10 36 L4 AND L9  
 L11 3 L4 NOT L10

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:29:57 ON 22 MAR 2007

L12 20 L9  
 E MOHER E/AU  
 L13 42 E3-6  
 E MONN J/AU

L14 135 E3-4,E6-8  
     E PEDREGAL C/AU  
 L15 58 E3,E5-6  
     E TERCERO C/AU  
 L16 2 E4-5  
     E PEDREGAL-TERCERO/AU  
 L17 18 E1  
 L18 15226 (ELI LILLY OR LILLY OR ELI)/PA,CS  
 L19 15 L12 AND L1,L13-18  
 L20 5 L12 NOT L19  
 L21 11 L19 AND (PD<=20021003 OR AD<=20021003 OR PRD<=20021003)

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L22 7 E1-7  
 L23 3 L22 AND C10H14N2O7S  
 L24 1 L23 NOT MXS/CI

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L25 2 L24  
 L26 0 LY404039 OY LY 404039  
 L27 1 L25 AND L1,L13-18  
 L28 2 L25,L27  
     SEL AN L28 2  
 L29 1 E8-9 AND L28

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:00:00 ON 22 MAR 2007

L30 3 E10-12  
 L31 4 L9 AND C12H18N2O7S2

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L32 1 L31

FILE 'HCAOLD' ENTERED AT 13:10:28 ON 22 MAR 2007

L33 0 L9

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 13:10:34 ON 22 MAR 2007

L34 0 L9

FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 13:10:40 ON 22 MAR 2007

L35 7 L9  
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L36 1 E13

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 13:12:31 ON 22 MAR 2007

L37 16 L9  
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FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 13:12:48 ON 22 MAR 2007

L38 1 E14

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 13:13:34 ON 22 MAR 2007

L39 4 L7 FULL

FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 13:14:34 ON 22 MAR 2007

L40 0 L7 SAM  
 L41 6 L7 FULL

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 13:17:38 ON 22 MAR 2007

L42 1 L7  
 L43 4 L7 FULL  
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     SEL DCSE  
     EDIT /DCSE /DCRE  
 L45 0 E15-17



10 / 516559

SEL SDCN L44  
EDIT /SDCN /DCN  
1 E18-20

L46

=>